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The convergence analysis of a 2D Keller-Segel-Navier-Stokes system with fast signal diffusion

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报告摘要： In this talk, we consider the convergence of the fully parabolic-parabolic-fluid (PP-fluid) system to the corresponding parabolic-elliptic-fluid (PE-fluid) system as $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$ in a bounded domain $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ with smooth boundary. Under the natural volume filling hypothesis $|S(x, \nu_\epsilon, \nu_\epsilon)| \leq f\{C_S\} (1 + \nu_\epsilon)^\alpha$ with $\alpha > 0$ for some positive constant C_S , we first show the global classical solutions $(n_\epsilon, c_\epsilon, u_\epsilon, P_\epsilon)$ of the full PP-fluid system will converge to the solution (n, c, u, P) of the corresponding PE-fluid system as $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$. As a byproduct, we obtain the global well-posedness of the PE-fluid system for general large initial data. Then we establish some new exponential time decay estimates of $(n_\epsilon, c_\epsilon, u_\epsilon, P_\epsilon)$ uniformly in ϵ for suitable small initial data, which in particular ensure an improvement of convergence rate on time t . To further explore the convergence behavior on ϵ and t , we carry out three numerical examples of different types: the nontrivial and trivial equilibria, and the rotating aggregation. The simulation results illustrate the possibility to achieve the optimal $O(\epsilon)$ -convergence, and show the vanishment of the deviation between the PE-fluid system and PP-fluid system over t for the equilibria, and the drastic fluctuation of error for the rotating solution. This is a joint work with Dr Min Li and Professor Guanyu Zhou.

报告人简介：

向昭银，电子科技大学数学科学学院教授、博士生导师、副院长，2006年博士毕业于四川大学，主要从事偏微分方程的研究；在 CVPDE、IMRN、JFA、Math Z、M3AS 等期刊上发表学术论文 60 余篇；主持国家自然科学基金、中国博士后科学基金、教育部留学回国人员科研启动基金等。

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